406MHz Transmitter Transmit Power (EIRP) Encoding Rate

AIS Transmitter
Transmit Power (EIRP) Frequency
Baud rate
Synchronisation
Messages
Repetition interval

121.5MHz Transmitter Transmit Power (PERP) Frequency Modulation Duty Cycle Modulation Facto Frequency Stability Duty Cycle

Strobe and Night Vision Lights

Light Type Light Colour Average Intensity Visible Average Intensity Night Vision Light Flash Rate

Operating Time Battery Replacement Period

GNSS Receiver

Satellite Cha

Sensitivity
Cold Start / Re-acquisition
GNSS Antenna

General ns of EPIRB (Inc. antenna)

(EPIRB Only) ns of Automatic Release Housing

912S-03970 v01.11

406.031 MHz ±1KHz Phase ±1.1 Radians (16K0G1D) Biphase L 400 bps

1Watt±3dB

161.975/162.025MHz ±500Hz 9600baud UTC Message 1 (Position), Message 14 (Status) 8 messages/minute

Message 14 sent twice every 4 minutes

>35% 0.85 to1.00

High Intensity LED & Infrared (IR) >1 candela

24 per minute (nom.)

Lithium Iron Disulphide (LiFeS2) >48Hours @ -20°C 10 years

72 acquisition -167dBm 148dBm / -160dBm Microstrip Patch

m maximum



BEACON'S TEST INFORMATION

GET THE MOBILE APP. TO SEE YOUR

14/11/2022

device will activate an alarm on all AIA equipped vessels within VHF range alerting them to the fact AIS systems operate on VHF radio bands and transceivers are fitted to all commercial shipping and an ever growing number of recreational vessels globally. Shortly after activation an AIS Man Over Board

be found here: https://gsc-europa.eu/sites/default/files/sites/all/files/Galileo-SAR-SDD.pdf minutes following activation (the response may not be received by the beacon for significantly longer). RLS is an optional function and may not be permitted in all countries. The full RLS specification can

confirms that the distress alert has been received by the Cospas-Saraat system and is being routed to the beacon within 30 SAR authorities. It does NOT mean that a search and rescue mission has been launched, but only The RLS feature is an indication on the EPIRB3 Pro that confirms to the User that the distress signal from the EPIRB3 Pro has been localised by the Cospas-Sarsat system and is being sent to the

communication link that relays Return Link Messages (RLM) back to the originating beacon through

mətsy2 2IA

to react and effect a rescue quicker than the emergency

that a person is in the water needing assistance. Often it is a vessel in the close vicinity of an incident that is able

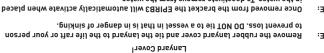
Emergency service craft are fitted with AIS receivers

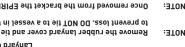
allowing them to pinpoint a casualty in the water more

precisely than any other system.

IN THE WATER. TO DESCRIVATE FEMOVE TROM THE WATER.

: BTON





Remove the rubber lanyard cover and tie the lanyard to the life raft or your person







6 Break the tab











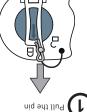


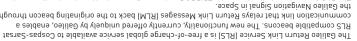












Return Link Service orbit (MEO) which will form the MEOSAR System.

The future Cospas-Sarsat System will include a new type of satellite in the medium-altitude Earth satellites in geostationary Earth orbit (GEO) which form the GEOSAR System

satellites in low-altitude Earth orbit (LEO) which form the LEOSAR System The Cospas-Sarsat System includes two types of satellites:

process the satellite downlink signal to generate distress alerts Mercard forward them to Mission Control Centers (MCC3) which receive alerts produced by LUTs and forward them to Rescue Coordination Centers (RCC3), Search and Rescue Points Of Contacts (SPOCs) or other ground receiving stations, referred to as Local Users Terminals (LUTs), which receive and radio beacons detect the signals transmitted by distress

tionary and low-altitude Earth orbits which instruments on board satellites in geostaanoiteutie seantsib use, EPIRBs for maritime use, and PLBs for personal use) which transmit signals during

distress radio beacons (ELTs for aviation adjacent figure. The System is composed of: The basic Cospas-Sarsat concept is illustrated in the

COSPAS/SARSAT System

BRIGHT YOUR AIS EPIRB

1.1

Vessel

Tel.

CONTACT

BEACON REGISTRATION

ATTACH YOUR BEACON DETAILS HERE



Ress the button











Release the EPIRB



IN CASE OF EMERGENCY





DOWNLOAD THE FULL USER MANUAL

oceansignal.com/products/epirb3-pro

It is the owner's responsibility to register this beacon with the appropriate National Authority before operation.

Documentation is provided within the packaging with

information regarding registration with the relevant body to comply with the required configuration of the

Category 1 **406MHz EPIRB** (With AIS and RLS)

SEAD EPIRB3 Pro

OPERATION



Use only in situations of grave and imminent danger. WARNING: Deliberate misuse may result in a severe penalty.

Ensure that your beacon is always fitted with an unused battery that is within the marked expiry date. Failure to do so may result in reduced operating time when used in a real emergency. Please observe the recommendations on testing in section 9 of the User Manual.

Category 1 beacons are designed to be automatically deployed from the Automatic Release Housing and will automatically be activated on contact with the water. Categ 1 beacons MUST be removed from the housing before they can be manually activated



To prevent loss secure the beacon to your person or life raft using the attached lanyard.



Never secure the lanyard to the vessel, this will cause the EPIRB to sink with the vessel. When active the beacon is designed to operate while floating in the water. For best operation do not take the beacon into a life raft or obstruct the upper case.

2.1 Optical Indications on activation

- The LED will illuminate green (blue if RLS is enabled) for 1 second.
- The strobe light will start flashing.
- Within 1 minute of activation, the indicator LED will flash a quick burst of 5 indicating 406MHz transmission*
- AIS transmission will be indicated by the LED flashing 8 times at 2 second intervals (green if a GNSS fix has been acquired or red 🥘 if there is no fix). This will not happen until after the first 406MHz transmission,

2.2 Deactivation

To deactivate your beacon after use or if it is accidentally activated, press and hold the ON/OFF 🕚 Key until the LED flashes red twice, then release

Automatic Activation (Ensure the antenna is released)

The beacon requires removal from the Auto Release Housing to allow automatic activation. As the beacon is released from the bracket the water contacts are enabled. Place the EPIRB3 in the water to activate. Only manual activation is possible while the EPIRB remains in the Auto Release Housing.



For full installation details see the User Manual:

www.oceansignal.com/products/epirb3-pro



* The first 406MHz transmission is made between 48 and 52 seconds after activation

LED Indications with RLS Enabled 2.4

LED	When	Transmit	GNSS	RLS
(x1)	Every 5 s		Searching	
(x3)	Once		Fix acquired	
(x5)	At transmit	406MHz	No Fix	RLS Request sent
(x5)	At transmit	406MHz	Fix acquired	RLS Request sent
(x8)	At transmit*	AIS	No Fix	
(x8)	At transmit*	AIS	Fix acquired	
(x1)	Every 2.5 s**	121MHz		RLS Reply not received
(x1)	Every 2.5 s**	121MHz		RLS Reply received
(x1)	Every 2.5 s			

TESTING

Routine testing of your beacon once a month is highly recommended to ensure it is in good working order. Follow the guidance notes below on the frequency that tests should be carried out. Remember that each test will reduce the battery capacity slightly and reduce the operation time of your beacon during an emergency

5.1 Functional test

To test your beacon is functioning correctly, press and hold the TEST (he key for 1 to 2 seconds. The LED will illuminate red to indicate the key has been pressed, then start flashing. Release the TEST Key now. After a short pause the strobe will flash and the indicator LED will produce a flash sequence.

A passed test flash sequence indicates the total number of hours that the battery has already been in use, up to the time that the test was initiated.

5.1.1 LED Indications with RLS Enabled

No. of Flashes	Functional Test Pass	Fail
1	0 to 1hr 59min 💓	121.5MHz homer 🥌
2	2hrs to 3hrs 59min 💓	406MHz power
3	4hrs to 5hrs 59min 💓	AIS signal 🌉
4	6hrs to 7hrs 59min 💓	AIS Power
5	8hrs to 9hrs 59min 💓	Battery failure 🌉
6	10hrs + 🌉	No GNSS

5.1.2 LED Indications for units configured with non-RLS Protocol

	<u> </u>	
No. of Flashes	Functional Test Pass	Fail
1	0 to 1hr 59min 🕌	121.5MHz homer 🌦
2	2hrs to 3hrs 59min 🥌	406MHz power
3	4hrs to 5hrs 59min 🥌	AIS signal 🌉
4	6hrs to 7hrs 59min 🥌	AIS Power
5	8hrs to 9hrs 59min 🌉	Battery failure 🌉
6	10hrs +	No GNSS



Because this test transmits a short burst on the aircraft distress frequency of 121.5MHz, please only carry out this test in the first 5 minutes of each hour.



The battery must be replaced either prior to the expiry date shown on the rear label or after the EPIRB3 has been activated.



If, during a self test, the LED flashes magenta 🍥 or amber 🦲 the EPIRB3 Pro may not have sufficient energy to operate for the specified 48-hour period. Battery replacement is recommended.

NOTE: More information regarding test results is available using the Mobile App.

2.5 LED Indications for units configured with non-RLS Protocol

LED	When	Transmit	GNSS
(x1)	Every 5 s		Searching
(x3)	Once		Fix acquired
(x5) 🥌	At transmit	406MHz	No Fix
(x5)	At transmit	406MHz	Fix acquired
(x8)	At transmit*	AIS	No Fix
(x8)	At transmit*	AIS	Fix acquired
(x1)	Every 2.5 s**	121MHz	
(x1)	Every 2.5 s		

- The AIS transmissions will show as 8 flashes (1 every 2 seconds) as a sequence repeated once every minute The 121MHz Homer will not transmit until after the second 406MHz transmission.

3. **HRU REPLACEMENT**

The EPIRB3 Pro is mounted in an Auto Release Housing, this contains a HR1E Hydrostatic Release $\ \, \text{Unit (HRU)}. \ \, \text{The HRU unit must be replaced two years after installation - the expiry date is marked on } \\$ the HRU and on the front of the housing.

If this date has been reached then the HRU must be replaced with an Ocean Signal HR1E, failure to do so may result in the HRU not operating correctly during an emergency situation.

See the User Manual for further information regarding the HRU replacement procedure.

NOTE: The expiry date should be two years from the date of installation on to your vessel, but no more than three years from the date of manufacture provided.

Note the HRU Expiry Date here:

INSPECTION 3.

During the monthly EPIRB self test it is advised that the following inspection is performed

- Inspect the EPIRB for obvious signs of damage including the state of the antenna. Any creases in the antenna may cause the operation of the EPIRB to be impaired.
- Confirm that the EPIRB is securely mounted on the bracket or in the Auto Release Housing. Inspect the lanyard and ensure it is not attached to any structures.

- Confirm the battery is within the specified expiry date.

 Confirm the HRU is within the specified expiry date (Two years after the installation date). Clean the EPIRB and mounting. It is recommended that the EPIRB is cleaned only using a damp cloth.

There are no user serviceable parts inside the EPIRB3 Pro.



DO NOT OPEN THE EPIRB3 \mbox{Pro} , DOING SO WILL INVALIDATE THE WARRANTY AND MAY CAUSE FALSE ALERTS

5.2 **GNSS Test**



This test should only be performed where the EPIRB3 Pro3 has a clear and unobstructed view of the sky. This is required to allow the GNSS receiver to acquire a signal from sufficient satellites to allow it to determine a position. Ensure the area marked "GNSS Antenna" is not obstructed.

It is recommended that a GNSS test is carried out at least once every six months to ensure correct operation of the EPIRB3 Pro.

Press and hold the TEST (key for 5 seconds. The LED will illuminate red (to indicate the key has been pressed, then start flashing. Shortly after, the LED will cease flashing and become a steady red ight. Release the TEST key when the LED is steady red.

During the GNSS test the LED will repeat a long red 🌉 flash followed by a short green 💓 flash until either a position fix is obtained or the GNSS test fails.

A successful test will be indicated by a number of green (LED flashes and an unsuccessful test will be indicated by a number of red (LED flashes. The number of flashes indicates the number of GNSS tests remaining (e.g. 7 flashes = 7 tests remaining).

The test result flashes will be repeated after 2 seconds

If there are 10 or more tests remaining then the LED will flash 10 times only (repeated).

The EPIRB3 Pro has the capacity to carry out 60 GNSS tests within the lifetime of the battery.

If there are no tests remaining immediately after the current test, the LED will flash green or red rapidly for three seconds (not repeated) depending on whether the GNSS test was successful or not, respectively.

When there are no tests remaining, the LED will flash red 💓 rapidly for three seconds on key release (not repeated).

The test can be ended at any time by holding the TEST n key for 1 to 2 seconds.

For further information regarding Self Test and Self Test history use the Ocean Signal App to connect to your EPIRB3 Pro using Near Field Communication (NFC).

6. Approvals

In addition to Cospas Sarsat Type Acceptance, the EPIRB3 complies with the following National Approvals:

6.1 European Union

!	Pending
6.2	UK
!	Pending
6.3	USA
!	Pending
6.4	Canada

Australia/New Zealand Pending



